

## My Capital City

Y4/5 Autumn Two

Enquiry Question

What are the geographics of London and
how does tourism impact this?

### What do I already know?

- You will have learnt about our island hame and its features.
- 2. You will have used maps to learn about the countries that make up the United Kingdom (UK).
- 3. Through
  fieldwork, mapping
  and maths, you
  will have learnt
  about compass
  points.

- The UK has the third longest coastline in Europe with 7723 miles in total.
- The largest country in the UK is England.
- The UK's highest mountain is Ben Nevis which is located in Scotland.
- The physical features in the UK include: hills, mountains, valleys, rivers, cliffs and beaches.
- The UK's longest river is the River Severn.





#### Key Learning Journey

- 1. What are the capital cities of the UK and where are they located?
- 2. What are the geographics of Greater London?
- 3. What are the human and physical landmarks in London?
- 4. What impact does tourism have on London?
- 5. What are time zones and why we do have them?

Unit Intent: By the end of this unit, I will be able to make geographical comparisons based a region of the UK (Greater London).

#### Sticky Knowledge

- 1. What and where is the capital city of London?
- 2. How is Central London different to Greater London?
- 3. Why do tourist choose to visit London?
- 4. What is the significance of time zones?

#### Preston

Population = 334,000 people

Area = 55 square miles

Average house price = £156,000

#### Greater Landon

Population = 9,648,000 people

Area = 607 square miles

Average house price = £525.000

city- a city is larger than a town usually with a population of over 100,000 people.

capital city- is a city or town where the central government of a country is.

time zones- because the time is different depending on where you are in the world, everyone has agreed to split the world up into time zones.

region- a region is a specific area that has common features.

taurism- is when people travel from where they live to another place for pleasure or relaxation.

landmark- are features or structures around the world that are easily recognised or unique. They can be natural or man-made.

geographics- means the geography of an area e.g. land, location, people or physical features such as mountains.

UK – is short for United Kingdom and includes England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.



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